

IFE Level 4 Certificate in Fire Investigation

Qualification Specification

Qualification Number: 603/6616/3



Issued: 09/2021



About the Institution of Fire Engineers (IFE)

The IFE is the professional institution for those working in the fire sector. The IFE is a registered charity working for societal benefit. Founded in 1918, the IFE's mission is to promote, encourage and improve the science, practice and professionalism of fire engineering with the overall aim of protecting and saving lives.

Members of the IFE share a commitment to ensuring that the fire profession remains relevant and valued, protecting people, property and the environment from fire.

The IFE Awarding Organisation

The IFE's awarding organisation is non-profitmaking.

The aim of the of the awarding organisation is to encourage those who work in the sector to engage with, and develop, the critical understanding needed to operate effectively and safely and to the best professional standards so that they can protect and save lives. In doing this, the awarding organisation contributes to three of the IFE's (six) over-arching strategic priorities ie:

- Facilitate awareness of fire issues and developments through the communication of ideas, knowledge and information.
- Foster professionalism by establishing and maintaining pathways and recognised standards of fire professionalism and competency.
- Increase knowledge in the science, practice and professionalism of fire engineering.

All of the IFE's qualifications are designed for those working in the fire sector and to meet the above priorities. The qualifications and the associated assessments (examinations and practical activities/assignments) provided by the IFE are designed, assessed and quality assured by experts with extensive experience of working within the fire sector.

Contact Details

Email: <u>exams@ife.org.uk</u>

IFE House, 64-66 Cygnet Court, Timothy's Bridge Road, Stratford-upon-Avon, CV37 9NWTel: +44 (0)1789 261463





IFE Level 4 Certificate in Fire Investigation

Introduction

This qualification focuses on the specialist understanding and knowledge required by those who carry out fire and explosion investigations whether they work within the uniformed fire and rescue service or within the private sector. It covers the scientific principles that underpin the dynamics of fire as well as the process of investigation.

This qualification is derived from unit 6: Fire Investigation within the Level 4 Diploma in Fire Science and Fire Safety. It is directly equivalent to that unit in that the content and assessment remain exactly the same. Individuals who achieve this qualification may use it towards the achievement of the Level 4 Diploma in Fire Science and Fire Safety in the same way as unit 6 is used. For information, please see - <u>https://www.ife.org.uk/IFE-Qualifications-with-Syllabus-Links</u>

Target Audience

This qualification will be appropriate for individuals working in all fire investigation roles in either public sector or private sector employers.

Learning Outcomes

Candidates who achieve this qualification should be able to:

- apply fire science principles in carrying out fire investigations and arriving at conclusions
- explain the preparations and procedures to investigate an incident involving fire and/or explosion
- explain and apply the principles that underpin the collation and analysis of evidence
- apply understanding of combustion, fire dynamics and the effects of heat to explain issues and solve problems
- analyse information to produce conclusions based on evidence and fire science

Membership of the IFE

Achievement of the Level 4 Certificate in Fire Investigation will enable a candidate to meet the academic requirement for membership of the Institution at Technician Grade (TIFireE); achievement of this qualification along with one other IFE Level 4 Certificate, will enable the candidate to meet the academic requirement for membership of the Institution at Member Grade (MIFireE) and Associate Grade (AIFireE).

Please see <u>Membership and Registration (ife.org.uk)</u> for information on membership.



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Qualification Content

The content of the qualification is set out in the section entitled "Content" below. This section provides information on the range of topics that must be studied including the way that candidates need to show their understanding (Assessment Criteria) and the scope/range/contexts in which they can be tested (Knowledge, Understanding and Skills).

The syllabus content is very broad and deep and therefore not all topics can be tested in all examinations. Candidates are advised to prepare for the examination by covering all topics so that they are able to provide comprehensive responses.

Assessment

Assessment takes the form of one three-hour examination. The examination is closed book and provides a summative assessment of the full range of learning specified in the content below.

Examinations are provided in English only.

Candidates will be required to complete **six** questions from a choice of **eight** questions. There will be 20 marks available for each of the questions.

In order to achieve a pass, candidates will be required to attain at least 40% of the 120 marks available to them via the six questions (ie 48 marks).

Candidates who answer fewer than six questions will be able to achieve a pass as long as they achieve the minimum pass mark of 48. Where candidates answer more than six questions, candidates will not benefit as only the six best responses will be included in the final mark.

Past papers for the last three years are available on the IFE website https://www.ife.org.uk/Qualifications/Past-Papers-and-Exam-Reports.

Certification

Results of examinations will be reported as follows:

<u>Pass</u> - this is awarded where candidates achieve a mark between the minimum pass mark of 48 marks (40% of the marks available) and 71 marks (59% of the marks available).

<u>Distinction</u> - this is awarded where candidates achieve a mark of 72 or above (60% or more of the marks available).

<u>Fail</u> - candidates who achieve 47 marks or fewer will receive a result showing Fail. Where candidates receive 24 marks (20% of the marks available) or fewer, the result will show as Fail (X).





Candidates who are unsuccessful in the examination may re-sit the examination. There is no limit on the number of times that candidates may re-sit.

Note: The IFE reports achieved results as described in the bands above. However, candidates who wish to know the specific mark awarded to them may email the IFE to request this information.

Entry Requirements

There are no formal entry requirements.

However, as this qualification is set at Level 4, candidates are required to have a good understanding of the topics in the syllabus and will benefit from having completed a relevant qualification at level 3 such as the IFE Level Certificate in Fire Engineering Science or the IFE Level 3 Certificate in Fire Investigation.

As the paper is provided in English only, candidates will need to be able to read English fluently in order to access the examination questions and the relevant recommended reading.

Qualification Level

This qualification has been designed to enable candidates to demonstrate that they have attained skills and knowledge at Level 4. Other types of qualifications that are set at Level 4 include Certificate of Higher Education (CertHE), Higher National Certificate (HNC) and Level 4 NVQs.

The qualifications regulator, Ofqual, has provided the following descriptors to illustrate the knowledge and understanding expected from those who hold qualifications at Level 4.

Level 4 Knowledge Descriptor

The candidate:

- Has practical, theoretical, or technical knowledge and understanding of a subject or field of work to address problems that are well defined but complex and non-routine.
- Can analyse, interpret and evaluate relevant information and ideas.
- Is aware of the nature of approximate scope of the area of study or work.
- Has an informed awareness of different perspectives or approaches within the area of study or work.

Candidates are advised to bear these descriptors in mind when preparing for assessment and when composing responses to examination questions.





Qualification Learning Time

The length of time needed to prepare for this examination will vary depending upon the starting point for each candidate.

Total qualification time is 155 hours:

- 152 hours of learning/study. Study may be self-study (please see the section on recommended reading material below) and may include relevant employer training programmes or other work-related training.
- 3 hours of assessment (directed time) i.e., one three-hour examination.

Most candidates prepare for IFE examinations via self-study or by drawing on training provided by their employer that covers aspects of the syllabus. Candidates are advised to cross-map their study/training against the content of the syllabus to ensure that all part of the syllabus have been covered. Recommended reading materials are listed below.

Progression

Candidates who are successful in achieving this qualification may consider progression to specialist degree programmes such as BSc in Fire Engineering Science.

Candidates who wish to broaden their knowledge and understanding at Level 4 could consider working towards other fire-specific qualifications such as the IFE Level 4 Certificate in Fire Safety or the IFE Level 4 Certificate in Fire Engineering Science.

Reasonable Adjustments

The IFE permits reasonable adjustments to be made where candidates have disabilities (including medical conditions and learning disabilities such as Dyslexia). The IFE's policy on reasonable adjustments aims to enable candidates with disabilities and other difficulties to access the IFE qualifications without compromising the assessment process or the validity of the certificate.

The policy, which includes the types of arrangements that may be made (e.g., additional time, use of technology) and the procedure for applying for reasonable adjustments, is published on the IFE's website – <u>https://www.ife.org.uk/Qualification-FAQs</u>. The IFE will consider all requests for reasonable adjustments. All requests for reasonable adjustments must be submitted to the IFE as all decisions on reasonable adjustments rest with the IFE.

Booking Examinations and Additional Information on Examination Arrangements

This examination is available in March each year.





Individuals who wish to sit examinations may book examinations through their employer, IFE branch or examination centre or they may book directly through the IFE using the booking form on the IFE's website. Where appropriate, the IFE will direct individuals to approach their employer or branch contact.

Information on the examination timetable and other relevant dates (such as the last date for booking examinations) for March examinations, together with the booking form, the list of venues available to candidates, the terms and conditions for candidates and additional information on examination arrangements is provided on the IFE website on 1 September each year. A separate page for each March examination session is provided on the IFE website.

Detailed guidance for candidates on examination arrangements is provided in the *Information and Rules for Candidates taking IFE Examinations* booklet. This is updated prior to each examination session and sets out the rules to be followed by candidates and also the dates for publication of results and the timetable for candidates to query examination results.

Complaints and Appeals

Procedures for making a complaint or lodging an appeal are available on the IFE website - <u>https://www.ife.org.uk/Qualification-FAQs</u>

Information for Examination Centres

Organisations that would like to provide a venue for IFE examinations, should contact the IFE to discuss the requirements for IFE approved examination centres – please email <u>exams@ife.org.uk</u> in the first instance.

Examination centres will need to comply with the terms and conditions set by IFE. Information for examination centres, including the *Examination Centre Handbook* which contains detailed guidance on running an examination centre, is available on the IFE website. Please see - <u>https://www.ife.org.uk/Information-for-Examination-Centres.</u>

Examination centres are required to provide an Examination Centre Invigilation Report following the completion of examinations.

The IFE operates an examination centre inspection programme based on unannounced visits. All Examination centres should anticipate visits from IFE-appointed Examination Centre inspectors.

Recommended Reading

This qualification covers an extensive range of specialist topics and candidates are advised to prepare for questions on all topics. Candidates should use the content listed below as the starting point for their study.





Candidates are also advised to review past examination papers. Past papers, together with the associated examiner reports on the papers, can be downloaded, free of charge, from the IFE website - https://www.ife.org.uk/Qualifications/Past-Papers-and-Exam-Reports.

The IFE has applied the following criteria in determining which resources should be included on this recommended reading list:

- the resource provides information which will be of benefit to the candidate in their professional life, providing depth and breadth of understanding;
- the resource contains some information that will be relevant to part of the syllabus;
- the resource is recognised by industry professionals as providing valuable information.

Candidates preparing for the examinations are advised to refer to the list below:

- Kirks Fire Investigation, John D De Haan and David J Icove
- A Guide to Fire Investigation (IFE 02), Patrick G Cox (Published by IFE as IFE02, and available via IFE online shop)
- Fire Investigator Principles and Practice to NFPA921 and 1033, Published by Jones and Bartlett Learning in conjunction with IAFC, IAAI and NFPA
- NFPA 921: Guide For Fire And Explosion Investigations
- Foundation for Hazardous Materials, NFCC, https://www.ukfrs.com/foundation-• knowledge/foundation-hazardousmaterials?bundle=section&id=19546&parent=19547

Further Information

Further information on examination conditions is also available in the IFE booklet, Information and Rules Candidates Taking IFE Examinations. This booklet can be downloaded from the IFE's website.

Candidates may also find our general guide for candidates, Preparing to Pass IFE Examinations - Guidance for Candidates document which provides information on question types and levels helpful https://www.ife.org.uk/write/MediaUploads/Exams/217 Candidate Guide.pdf

Please address any queries to the IFE by emailing: <u>exams@ife.org.uk</u>





Content

1. Chemistry of Combustion and Fire Dynamics

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Assessment Criteria	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
1.1 Explain the physical processes	Heat, temperature, and the states of matter
involved in a fire	Heat transfer
	Flame height
	Upper layer temperature
	Radiative feedback
1.2 Explain the characteristics of	Characteristics of a flaming fire
different types of fire and their	Characteristics of a smouldering fire
impact on investigation	• 'Flashover' and its impact on the investigation of a
	compartment fire
1.3 Understand the chemistry of fire	Stoichiometric mixture
	Flammability limits
	Flash point and fire point
	Radiation induced flashover
	Flames
	Combustion processes:
	 Spontaneous heating
	 Spontaneous ignition
	 Spontaneous combustion
	Combustion of solids, liquids, gases, transient
	dust, and vapour phases
	How and why substances/fuels burn
	 Magnification of the sun's rays
	Smouldering combustion
	Auto-ignition temperature
1.4 Describe the properties of	Flammable materials to include:
common flammable materials	 Methane, propane, and butane
and assess the implications in	♦ Acetylene
relation to fire	♦ Hydrogen
	Petroleum products
	♦ Paraffin
	White spirit
	♦ Diesel oil
	 Ethanol (alcohol), methylated spirit, methanol
	(methyl alcohol) and isopropanol (2-propanol)
	Plastic and chemicals that are used in plastic
	manufacturing industries
	 Rubbers (natural and synthetic)
	 Carbohydrates
	♦ Cellulose
	 Proteins
	♦ Fats





 1.5 Assess, applying fire science, the factors that affect accuracy in determining the location of a seat of fire 1.6 Understand the physical signs that can illustrate the general locality of a seat of fire and relate those signs to fire dynamics 	 Wood Metals Natural and/or synthetic fabrics Size of fire Flashover Smouldering Firefighting procedures Fuel load and its location relative to walls Backdraught Collapse Burn patterns Human or animal interaction Low level burning High level burning Depth or severity of burning
	5

2. Electricity

Assessment Criteria	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
2.1 Understand electricity and electrical causes of fire	 Ohm's law Series and parallel circuits Calculations involving voltage, current, resistance and power Fault current Earth fault loop impedance Arc mapping techniques in origin determination Lithium-ion batteries Lost neutral Single and three-phase electrical generation and supply Fires involving white goods Electrical fires as a result of meter tampering Protective devices Electrical cable types Arcing Resistive heating Short circuits





	 Overload Tracking/Arcing through char Ways in which heat can be achieved in a circuit Electrical causes of fire and the effects of fire in electrical equipment
2.2 Explain static electricity and how it can become a source of ignition	 Lightning – cause and effects Static electricity – how it is generated Properties of static electricity as an ignition source Fuels capable of being ignited by static electricity

3. Investigating Fire Scenes

Note to candidates: fire scenes include buildings and transportation.

Assessment Criteria	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
3.1 Understand the effect that structures and voids have on a fire	 Structures to include: Buildings Road, rail, aviation, and maritime transportation Effects of ventilation Effects of modern methods of construction on fires in moving vehicles Timber framed buildings
3.2 Assess the effects that the contents of a building/structure have on a fire	 Contents to include: Traditional furniture Modern furniture and furnishings Floor and wall coverings Transport loads Concept of fire load density and orientation
3.3 Assess the effects that occupancy can have on a building/structure involved in fire	 Buildings/structures to include: Houses and other domestic residences Factories Chemical works Hospitals and residential homes Schools Transportation Human behaviour in fires
3.4 Outline the effects of firefighting on structure/contents involved in fire and assess the implications for fire investigation	 Water damage e.g., causing collapse Movement or destruction of items by firefighting water Dilution of liquids Hotspots and areas of late extinguishment Positive pressure ventilation
3.5 Explain and assess the organisational aspects of fire	Scene prioritiesRange of resources to be used and their





investigation	applicationPotential and actual contamination of a scene
	 Evidence preservation Possible hazards which may pose a risk to the
	fire investigator at a fire scene including:
	 Collapse
	 Sharps
	 Trips and falls
	Chemicals
	 Respiratory risks
	 Lone working
	 Biological/Chemical hazards
	Dynamic Risk Assessment (DRA)
3.6 Describe and assess the aids,	Dog
including their limitations, that	Portable equipment
are available to the fire	Specialist sampling equipment
investigator to detect	 Detection, Identification and Monitoring (DIM)
hydrocarbons	
3.7 Explain and assess the indirect	Indirect methods including:
methods of locating the seat of	 Observations of witnesses
fire	 Corroboration of witnesses
	 Reversal of fire fighting
	 Points of entry and exit
	 Position of bodies
	 Structural collapse
	 Knowledge of materials present
3.8 Explain and evaluate the	Reconstruction
methods used to carry out the	 Fact finding and testing
investigation	Excavation including:
	 Extraneous items and materials
	 Fire accelerants (liquid and dry)
	Liquid burn patterns
	 Significant items and materials
	Study of pre-fire events
	History
	Odours Observes
	Changes
	Weather Disputes
	 Disputes Evaluation and enable the terms "reading of error"
	 Explain and apply the term "radius of error"





4. Special Fire Scenes

Accomment Criteria	Knowledge Understanding and Skills
Assessment Criteria	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
4.1 Explain the fundamental features of an investigation	• Evidence that needs to be collected to establish the location of death and when and how the
when a person dies as a result	deceased died
of fire	Factors which would lead an investigator to
	recognise a death in fire as a murder, suicide, or
	an accident
4.2 Explain the factors to be	Ways in which the deceased may be identified
considered when dealing with	Points to consider when removing bodies at fire
fatalities	scenes
	Effect of fire on bodies and factors affecting
	damage
	Basic medical terminology that may be
	encountered during an investigation and
	subsequent post-mortem
	 Recovery of evidence and liaison with
	appropriate personnel
	How to avoid causing unnecessary stress and
	treating deceased with due regard
4.3 Explain the types of explosions	Types of Explosion:
that may occur and the	Detonation
materials that can be involved	Deflagration
in explosions	Mechanical
	Smoke explosion
	High Explosives
	 'Condensed Phase Deflagration'
	'Pyrotechnics'
	 'Ventilation induced flashover'
	Importance of preservation of evidence of an
	explosion and the procedure for searching for
	the remains of a high explosive device
	 'Reading' explosion damage
	 Explosion scene management
	 Determining the point of initiation
	'Homemade' explosive devices
	Timers and initiators
	Mechanical and chemical explosions
	'Low order' and 'high order' damage
4.4 Explain the fundamental	Origin determination
principles of investigating a	Effects of terrain, weather etc
wildland fire	Determining direction of fire spread
	Common Causes





5. Recording, Collecting and Testing of Information and Evidence

Assessment Criteria	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
5.1 Explain the type of information that	Cause and origin
is required to develop a full and	Fire spread
comprehensive report	Background
	Findings
	Conclusion
	Recommendations
5.2 Outline the ways and methods used	Observation
to collect information and assess the	Research
advantages and disadvantages of	Interview
each method	Witnesses
	IT examination (including CCTV, AFD and
	mobile phone data)
	Use of forensic specialists
	Use of forensic accountants
5.3 Identify evidence at the scene of a	How glass can provide evidence to assist in
fire and analyse its significance	the investigation of a fire
	How smoke records can provide evidence
	to assist in the investigation of fire
	How evidence can be gained from
	instrument marks, footwear impressions and
	tyre marks
	 Indicators which may suggest the presence of an ignitable liquid at a fire scene and
	what resources may be available to the
	investigator to confirm this
	 Potential ignition sources
5.4 Explain the use of trace evidence	Radiation effect
found at fire scenes including	• Blast
directional evidence	Travel via voids
	Fire/Smoke/Heat movement patterns
5.5 Describe the recording of	Drawings
information relating to the positions	Notes
of movable objects and fire seat	Photographs
location	Witness marks
	Reconstruction
5.6 Explain the process of effective	Define the terms "lay witness" and "expert
interviewing of a witness and assess	witness"
the evidence provided by different	Formal/informal approaches
types of witness	Legal caution
	Putting witnesses at ease
	PEACE model
	ADVOCATE model
5.7 Describe the specific factors to be	 Photo Log – no deletions (accepted
considered by the investigator when	protocols if available)





taking photographs at a fire scene to	Accurate date/time
ensure clear and readable images	 Personal photographic ability
which may be presented as	 Zoom in/out for location of points of interest
evidence in a court of law	 Logical sequence of images
	 No finger pointing
	 Use tape measure or standard template
	square
	 Storage of images
5.8 Identify where fires may be due to	 Explain the reasons for suspecting arson as
arson and present evidence	a cause of fire from the general
·	circumstances
	• Explain the reasons for suspecting arson at
	or after the investigation of the scene of fire
	• Discuss the types of persons who set fires
	and explain the classification of them into
	certain groups
5.9 Explain how to evaluate information	Compilation methods
to form and test hypotheses	How to interpret results
	 Identification of inconsistencies
	 How to qualify conclusions
	 How actual fire safety measures and
	practices, or lack of same, contributed to the
	incident
5.10 Assess the methods and	Importance of maintaining continuity records
equipment for handing and storing	Methods of provision for secure storage and
evidence to preserve continuity,	transportation
avoid damage and cross contamination	 Precautions to prevent cross contamination of avidence and economy
5.11 Explain the taking and examination	of evidence and scenes
of fire debris samples	The chain of continuity for lawAvoidance of contamination
5.12 Explain the principles of laboratory	Incendiary devices
analysis of material and samples	Containers
collected at the scene of fire	Clocks and watches
	 Hair and clothing
	 Paint
	 Other articles and evidence that may be
	found at a fire scene
	 Fuels and fire accelerants – hydrocarbons
	 Fuels and fire accelerants – non-
	hydrocarbons
	Toxic combustion products

